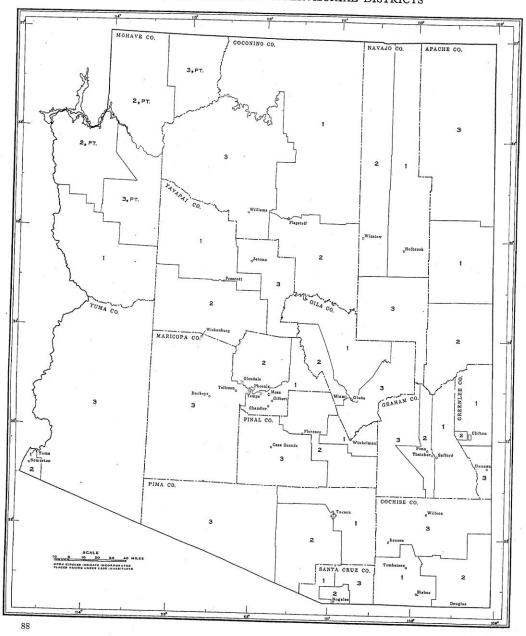
ARIZONA

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 $\begin{array}{c} \text{ARIZONA} \\ \text{MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS-SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICTS} \end{array}$



ARIZONA

NUMBER OF INHABITANTS

Population of the State.—Arizona was organized as a Territory in 1863 and was admitted to the Union as the forty-eighth State in 1912. Its population on April 1, 1940, according to the Sixteenth Census, was 499,261, which represents an increase of 63,688, or 14.6 percent, as compared with the population on April 1, 1930. The total land area of the State, as shown in table 3, is 113,580 square miles. The average number of inhabitants per square mile in 1940 was 4.4, as compared with 3.8 in 1930.

Table 1 shows the population of Arizona from 1870, the year in which its area was first separately enumerated, to 1940, together with the increase during each

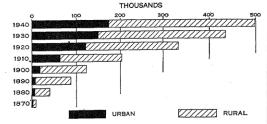
decade. The urban and rural population of the State at each census is presented in this table and is also shown graphically in the accompanying chart. The urban population of Arizona comprises all persons living in incorporated places of 2,500 or more, the remainder of the population being classified as rural. The urban and rural areas are not necessarily constant from one census to the next, since new places are added to the urban list from time to time as they attain a population of 2,500 or more. Places are likewise taken off the urban list when, through decline in population, they fall below this limit. For example, Clifton qualified as urban in 1920 and 1940 but not in 1930.

TABLE 1 .- POPULATION OF ARIZONA, URBAN AND RURAL: 1870 TO 1940

[Urban-rural classification in accordance with 1940 definitions]

	THE STATE			URBAN PLACES				RU	RAL TERRIT	PERCENT OF TOTAL		
CENSUS YEAR	Popula-	Increase ceding	e over pre- eg census Number		Number Popula-		Increase over pre- ceding census		Increase over pre- ceding census		Urban	Rural
	tion	Number	Percent	of places	tion	Number	Percent	tion	Number	Percent		
1040	499, 261 435, 573 334, 162 204, 354	63, 688 101, 411 129, 808 81, 423	14. 6 30. 3 63. 5 66. 2	16 14 15 9	173, 981 149, 856 120, 788 63, 260	24, 125 29, 068 57, 528 43, 765	16. 1 24. 1 90. 9 224. 5	325, 280 285, 717 213, 374 141, 094	39, 563 72, 343 72, 280 37, 658	13. 8 33. 9 51. 2 36. 4	. 34. 8 34. 4 36. 1 31. 0	65. 2 65. 6 63. 9 69. 0
1900 1890. 1880. 1870.	122, 931 88, 243 40, 440 9, 658	34, 688 47, 803 30, 782	39. 3 118. 2 318. 7	4 2 1 1	19, 495 8, 302 7, 007 3, 224	11, 193 1, 295 3, 783	134.8 18.5 117.3	103, 436 79, 941 33, 433 6, 434	23, 495 46, 508 26, 999	29. 4 139. 1 419. 6	15.9 9.4 17.3 33.4	84. 1 90. 6 82. 7 66. 6

Urban and Rural Population of Arizona: 1870 to 1940



Geographic subdivisions.—In tables 2 to 5 the population of Arizona is shown by counties, supervisorial districts, cities, and towns, with some comparative figures from previous censuses. Table 6 gives the population of cities by wards, and table 7 presents data for the Phoenix metropolitan district.

Cities of 10,000 or more.—There are two cities in the State that had a population of 10,000 or more in 1940. Table 2 shows the population of these cities at each

census for which figures are available, together with the increase or decrease during each decade. Phoenix, the capital and largest city, had a population in 1940 of 65,414.

Table 2.—Population of Cities of 10,000 or More From Earliest Census to 1940
[A minus sign (--) denotes decrease]

CITY AND CENSUS YEAR	Population	INCREASE OVER PRECEDING CENSUS			
		Number	Percent		
Phoenix: 1940 1930 1930 1920 1920 1920 1900	65, 414 48, 118 29, 053 11, 134 5, 544 3, 152	17, 296 19, 065 17, 919 5, 590 2, 392	35. 9 65. 6 160. 9 100. 8 75. 9		
Tueson: 1940. 1930. 1940. 1920. 1910. 1900. 1800. 1870.	136,818 32,506 20,292 13,193 7,531 5,150 7,007 23,224	4, 312 12, 214 7, 099 5, 662 2, 381 -1, 857 3, 783	13.3 60.2 53.8 75.2 46.2 -26.5 117.3		

¹ Includes population, 1,066, of South Tueson city, separately incorporated in 1939. Revised 1949 population figure for Tueson is 35,752. The urban-rural ta bulations have not been adjusted for this correction.

² Population prior to incorporation.

counties of Arizona from 1920 to 1940, together with the land area of each county and its population per square mile in 1940. The land areas given here are the result of new measurements recently compiled and differ somewhat from those published in earlier census re- of each county for 1940 and 1930.

Counties.—Table 3 shows the population of the 14 | ports. Nine of these counties increased in population between 1930 and 1940, and five decreased. No new counties have been organized, and there have been no changes in county boundaries since the census of 1930. This table also presents the urban and rural population

TABLE 3 .- AREA AND POPULATION OF COUNTIES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1920 TO 1940

[A minus sign (-) denotes decrease. Percent not shown where base is less than 100]

		TOTAL POPULATION						URBAN POPULATION			RURAL POPULATION			PERCENT URBAN	
COUNTY	Land area in square miles.					Percent				Percent			Percent		
	1940	Total	Per square mile	1930	1920	1930 to 1940	1920 to 1930	1940	1930	of in- crease	1940	1930	of in- crease	1940	1930
Arizona	113, 580	499, 261	4.4	435, 573	334, 162	14. 6	30.3	173, 981	149, 856	16.1	325, 280	285, 717	13. 8	34, 8	34.4
Apache Cochise Coconino Gila Graham	11, 174 6, 256 18, 573 4, 750 4, 610	24, 095 34, 627 18, 770 23, 867 12, 113	2. 2 5. 5 1. 0 5. 0 2. 6	17, 765 40, 998 14, 064 31, 016 10, 373	13, 196 46, 465 9, 982 25, 678 10, 148	35. 6 -15. 5 33. 5 -23. 0 16. 8	34. 6 -11. 8 40. 9 20. 8 2. 2	14, 476 7, 702 10, 863	17, 851 3, 891 14, 850	-18. 9 97. 9 -26. 8	24, 095 20, 151 11, 068 13, 004 12, 113	17, 765 23, 147 10, 173 16, 166 10, 373	35.6 -12.9 8.8 -19.6 16.8	41. 8 41. 0 45. 5	43. 5 27. 7 47. 9
Greenlee: Maricopa Mohave Navajo Pima	9, 231	8, 698 186, 193 8, 591 25, 309 72, 838	4. 6 20. 2 0. 6 2. 6 7. 9	9, 886 150, 970 5, 572 21, 202 55, 676	15, 362 89, 576 5, 259 16, 077 34, 680	-12.0 23.3 54.2 19.4 30.8	-35. 6 68. 5 6. 0 31. 9 60. 5	2, 668 80, 399 4, 577 36, 818	55, 494 3, 917 32, 506	44. 9 16. 8 13. 3	6, 030 105, 794 8, 591 20, 732 36, 020	9, 886 95, 476 5, 572 17, 285 23, 170	-39.0 10.8 54.2 19.9 55.5	30, 7 43, 2 18, 1 50, 5	36. 8 18. 5 58. 4
Pinal Santa Cruz Yavapai Yuma	5, 378 1, 246 8, 091 9, 985	28, 841 9, 482 26, 511 19, 326	5. 4 7. 6 3. 3 1. 9	22, 081 9, 684 28, 470 17, 816	16, 130 12, 689 24, 016 14, 904	30.6 -2.1 -6.9 8.5	36. 9 -23. 7 18. 5 19. 5	5, 135 6, 018 5, 325	6,006 10,449 4,892	-14.5 -42.4 8.9	28, 841 4, 347 20, 493 14, 001	22, 081 3, 678 18, 021 12, 924	30. 6 18. 2 13. 7 8. 3	54. 2 22. 7 27. 6	62. 0 36. 7 27. 5

Minor civil divisions .- To the primary political divisions into which the counties are subdivided the Census Bureau applies the general term "minor civil divisions." The primary divisions of the counties in Arizona are called supervisorial districts. The incorporated cities and towns form secondary subdivisions of the minor civil divisions in which they are located. There are 15 cities and 19 towns. Ordinarily, each of these secondary divisions forms a part of some district (or districts).

Table 4 shows the population of each county by districts, cities, and towns for the last three censuses. The population of the cities and towns is shown in italics under the population of the primary divisions in which the places are respectively located. Where an incorporated place is located in two or more districts the total population of the place is given in connection with the presentation for the first district.

TABLE 4.—POPULATION OF COUNTIES BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS: 1920 TO 1940

[The "districts" shown in the table are supervisorial districts. Since figures for 1630 and 1920 were given for election precincts, justice precincts, or school districts, comparative figures can be shown for county totals and for secondary divisions only. For changes between 1930 and 1940, see footnotes; for those between 1920 and 1930, see Reports of the Fifteenth Census (1930), vol. 1, pp. 193-97]

			7.2.								
MINOR CIVIL DIVISION	1940	1930	1920	MINOR CIVIL DIVISION	1940	1930	1920	MINOR CIVIL DIVISION	1940	1930	1920
Apache County	24, 095		13, 196	Graham County—Continued District 2	3, 981			Pima County		55, 676	34, 680
District 1	4, 494			Pima town Thatcher town District 3	1, 106	980	515 899	District 1	386,818	32, 506	20, 292
Cochise County			46, 465	Greenlee County	8, 698	9, 886	15, 362	In District 2. District 2. Tucson city (part)	37, 164 22, 218		
District 1 Bisbee city	15, 742 5, 853	8, 025	9, 205	District 1	2.668	2,305		District 3	9, 110		
Tombstone city District 2 Douglas city	12 576	9, 828	1, 178	District 2. District 3. Duncan town 1.	2,043			Pinal County District 1	3, 069	22, 081	16, 130
Benson town	5,309	928		Maricopa County		150, 970	89, 578	District 2. Florence town, total In District 2.	1,383	1,318	1,161
Willcox town	1	14, 064	1	District 1	1,239	1,878	865	In District 3	476 17, 642 1, 545	1,351	948
District 1	10, 096	-		Mesa city 2 Phoenix city, total	65, 414	3,711 48,118	3,036 29,053	Florence town (part)	476	408	
Flagstaff city, total In District 1 In District 2	2 484		8, 186	In District 1	8, 332 31,721 25,361			Santa Cruz County District 1	1. 581	9, 684	12, 689
District 2. Flagstaff city (part) District 3.	4, 025 2, 596			Tempe city District 2	2,906 81,452	2, 495 3, 665	1,968	District 2	5, 943 5, 185 1, 958	6,006	8, 460
Williams town	£, 622	2, 166		Glendale city Phoenix city (part) District 3	4, 855 81, 721 55, 307		2,737	Yavapai County	26, 511	28, 470	24, 016
Gila County District 1	6, 157	31, 016	25, 678	Buckeye town Phoenix city (part) Tolleson town	1,305 25,361 1,731	1,077		District 1 Prescott city, total In District 1	9, 054 6, 018 2, 838	5, 517	5,010
Globe city, total In District 1 In District 8	6, 141 4, 328 1, 813	7, 157		Wickenburg town	995	734	527	In District 2 District 2	3, 180 7, 898		
District 2	6,324	7,698	6, 689	Mohave County	8, 591 2, 735	5, 572		Prescott city (part) District 3	8, 180 9, 559 2, 295	4, 982	4, 030
In District 2	4, 048 674 11, 386			District 2. District 3.	3, 077 2, 779			Yuma County	19, 326	17, 816	14, 904
Globe city (part)	1,818			Navajo County	25, 309	21, 202	16, 077	District 1. Yuma city, total 4. In District 1.	5, 158 5, 325 5, 158	4, 892	4, 257
Winkelman townGraham County	524 12, 113	729 10, 373	573 10, 148	District 1	7, 853 1, 184 10, 914	1, 115	1,206	In District 2	8, 209		
District 1	5, 928 2, 266	1,706	1.536	District 2	4, 577 6, 542	8,917	8,780	Somerton city		891	

Incorporated places.—Table 5 shows the population in 1940 and 1930 of the incorporated places (cities and towns) in Arizona. In this table the places are arranged in alphabetical order, each followed by the name

of the county in which it is located. In table 6, the population of the cities having 5,000 inhabitants or more that are subdivided into wards is shown for these subdivisions.

TABLE 5.—POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES: 1940 AND 1930 [The population of these places in 1920 is given in table 4. Places marked with an asterisk (*) were classified as urban in 1940]

CITY OR TOWN	County	1940	1930	CITY OR TOWN	County	1940	1930	CITY OR TOWN	County	1940	1930
Benson Bisbee* Buckeye Casa Grande Chandler Clifton*	Cochise Cochise Maricopa Pinal Maricopa Greenlee	962 5, 853 1, 305 1, 545 1, 239 2, 668	925 8,023 1,077 1,351 1,378 2,305	Globe* Holbrook Jerome Mesa* Miami* Nogales*	Gila Navajo Yavapai Maricopa Gila Santa Cruz	6, 141 1, 184 2, 295 7, 224 4, 722 5, 135	7, 157 1, 115 4, 932 3, 711 7, 698 6, 006	Thatcher Tolleson Tombstone Tucson* Wickenburg Willcox	Graham Maricopa Cochise Pima Maricopa Cochise	822 136,818	895 910 849 32, 506 734 806
Douglas* Duncan Flagstaff* Florence Gilbert Glendale*	Cochise Greenlee Coconino Pinal Maricopa Maricopa	8, 623 887 5, 080 1, 383 837 4, 855	9,828 3,891 1,318 791 3,665	Phoenix* Pima Prescott* Safford Somerton Tempe*	Maricopa Graham Yavapai Graham Yuma Maricopa	65, 414 867 6, 018 2, 266 1, 247 2, 906	48, 118 980 5, 517 1, 706 891 2, 495	Williams*_ Winkelman_ Winslow*_ Yuma*	Coconino Gila Navajo Yuma	2, 622 524 4, 577 5, 325	2, 166 729 3, 917 4, 892

¹ Includes population, 1,666, of South Tueson city, separately incorporated in 1939. Revised 1940 population figure for Tueson is 35,752. The urban-rural tabulations have not been adjusted for this correction.

¹ GREENLEE.—Duncan town incorporated in 1988.
2 Mancora.—Mess town incorporated as a city in 1930.
3 Phas.—Total reported for Tucson city includes population, 1,066, of South Tucson

city, separately incorporated in 1939. Revised population figure for Tucson is 35,752. The urban-rural tabulations have not been adjusted for this correction.

4 Yux...—No population in that part of Yuma city located in district 3.

Table 6.—Population of Cities of 5,000 or More by Wards: 1940

CITY AND WARD	1940	CITY AND WARD	1940
Bisbee Ward 1 Ward 2 Ward 3 Douglas Ward 1. Ward 2. Ward 3 Ward 3 Ward 4 Ward 5 Ward 6. Globe Ward 1. Ward 2. Ward 2. Ward 3	1,458 2,029 8,623 1,998 1,132 1,442 1,271 1,387 1,393 6,141	Globe-Continued. Ward 4	982 6,018 1,265 1,573 1,197 1,983 136,818 5,489 4,422 4,785 4,225 112,497

Note.—The other cities of more than 5,000 (Flagstaff, Mesa, Nogales, Phoenix, and Yuma) have no wards.

Metropolitan districts.-Metropolitan districts have been set up for use in the 1940 Census of Population in connection with each city of 50,000 or more, two or more such cities sometimes being in one district. The general plan is to include in the district, in addition to the central city or cities, all adjacent and contiguous minor civil divisions having a population of 150 or more per square mile. In some metropolitan districts a few less densely populated contiguous divisions are included on the basis of special qualifications. Only a portion of a minor civil division is included if the minor civil division has a large area and practically all of the population is concentrated in a small section near the central city with the more remote sections being very sparsely settled. In such cases, the unit considered was not the minor civil division but component enumeration districts. (For example, not all of the enumeration districts in supervisorial districts 1, 2, and 3 of Maricopa County are included in the Phoenix metropolitan district.) A metropolitan district is thus not a political unit but rather an area including all the thickly settled territory in and around a city or group of cities. It tends to be a more or less integrated area with common economic, social, and, often, administrative interests.

The Phoenix metropolitan district is the only one in Arizona. This district was defined for the first time in 1940.

Table 7 shows the population of the Phoenix metropolitan district and its constituent political units in 1940. In 1940 the Phoenix metropolitan district had 121,828 inhabitants. Comparative figures for 1930 are not available because of the redistricting of the counties into new minor civil divisions.

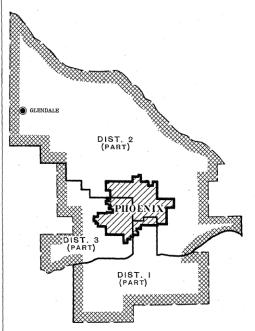
Table 7.—Population of the Phoenix Metropolitan District: 1940

[This area was not defined as a metropolitan district in 1930, nor are comparable figures for the same area available for 1930]

ABEA	Population, 1949
The metropolitan district	121, 828
Phoenix cityOutside.city	65, 414 56, 414
Incorporated places	4,855
Glendale city	4,855
Unincorporated areas	51, 559
District includes following minor civil divisions (supervisorial districts):	
In Maricopa County	121,828
District 1 (part, incl. part of Phoenix city) 1 District 2 (part, incl. Glendale city and part of Phoenix city) 2 District 3 (part, incl. part of Phoenix city) 3	71,057

I That part outside Phoenic city is bounded by West Sth Street, Bartlet Road, Bass Line Road, South Central Avenue, Laveen Road, and city limits. I That part outside the cities is bounded by Lateral 19, Arizona Canal, Indias School Road, Ohicago Avenue, Thomas Road, 40th Street, U. S. Highway 60, and I That part outside Phoenic city is bounded by Salt River, Lateral 17, Buckeys Road, Lateral 15, Van Buren Street, Lateral 19, and city limits.

PHOENIX METROPOLITAN DISTRICT



¹ Includes population, 1,066, of South Tucson, separately incorporated in 1939. Revised 1940 population figure for Tucson is 35,752, and for ward 5, 11,431. The preparately labellations have not been adjusted for this correction.